

Auditor's Report on Banco de Sabadell, S.A. and Subsidiaries

(Together with the consolidated annual financial statements and consolidated directors' report of Banco de Sabadell, S.A. and subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2023)

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)



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Independent Auditor's Report on the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

(Translation from the original in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.)

To the shareholders of Banco de Sabadell, S.A.

REPORT ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL ANNUAL STATEMENTS

Opinion ____

We have audited the consolidated annual financial statements of Banco de Sabadell, S.A. (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of recognised income and expenses, consolidated statement of total changes in equity and consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and consolidated notes.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated annual financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the consolidated equity and consolidated financial position of the Group at 31 December 2023 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRS-EU) and other provisions of the financial reporting framework applicable in Spain.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements* section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated annual financial statements pursuant to the legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. We have not provided any non-audit services, nor have any situations or circumstances arisen which, under the aforementioned regulations, have affected the required independence such that this has been compromised.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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On the Spanish Official Register of Auditors ("ROAC") with No. S0702, and the Spanish Institute of Registered Auditors' list of companies with No. 10. Reg. Mer Madrid, T. 11.961, F. 90, Sec. 8, H. M -188.007, Inscrip. 9 N.J.F. B-78510153



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Key Audit Matters _

establishing this classification is a relevant process

inasmuch as the calculation of allowances and provisions for credit risk varies depending on the

category in which the financial asset has been

Impairment is calculated based on models for

estimating expected losses, which the Group

estimates on both an individual and a collective basis. This calculation entails a considerable level of

judgement as this is a significant and complex

Allowances and provisions for credit risk determined

individually consider estimates of future business

performance and the market value of collateral

provided for credit transactions.

included.

estimate.

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated annual financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated annual financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment of loans and advances to customers See notes 1.3.4.1, 4.4.2 and 11 to the consolidated annual financial statements Key audit matter How the matter was addressed in our audit The Group's portfolio of loans and advances to Our audit approach in relation to the Group's estimate of customers classified as financial assets at amortised impairment of loans and advances to customers due to credit cost reflects a net balance of Euros 152,260 million risk mainly consisted of assessing the methodology applied at 31 December 2023, while allowances and to calculate expected losses, particularly as regards the provisions recognised at that date for impairment methods and assumptions used to estimate exposure at total Euros 3,199 million. default, probability of default and loss given default; and determining the future macroeconomic scenarios. We also For the purposes of estimating impairment, financial assessed the mathematical accuracy of the calculations of assets measured at amortised cost are classified into expected losses and the reliability of the data used. To this three categories (Stage 1, 2 or 3) according to end, we brought in our credit risk specialists. whether a significant increase in credit risk since their initial recognition has been identified (Stage 2), Our procedures related to the control environment focused whether the financial assets are credit-impaired on the following key areas: (Stage 3) or whether neither of the foregoing circumstances apply (Stage 1). For the Group,

- Identifying the credit risk management framework and assessing the compliance of the Group's accounting policies with the applicable regulations.
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the classification of the loans and advances to customers portfolio based on credit risk, in accordance with the criteria defined by the Group, particularly the criteria for identifying and classifying refinancing and restructuring transactions.
- Assessing the relevant controls relating to the monitoring of transactions.
- Evaluating whether the internal models for estimating both individual and collective allowances and provisions for credit risk, and for the management and valuation of collateral, are functioning correctly.
- Assessing whether the aspects observed by the Internal Validation Unit in its periodic reviews and in the tests of the models used to estimate collective allowances and provisions for impairment have been taken into consideration.
- Evaluating the integrity, accuracy and updating of the data used and of the control and management process in place.



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Impairment of loans and advances to customers See notes 1.3.4.1, 4.4.2 and 11 to the consolidated annual financial statements	
Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
In the case of allowances and provisions calculated collectively, expected losses are estimated using internal models that use large databases, different macroeconomic scenarios, parameters to estimate provisions, segmentation criteria and automated processes, which are complex in their design and implementation and require past and present information and future forecasts to be considered. The Group regularly conducts tests of its internal models in order to improve their predictive capabilities based on actual historical experience. The ongoing geopolitical uncertainty, the current levels of inflation and central banks' monetary policy decisions continue to cause uncertainty as to future macroeconomic developments, impacting on the economy and business activities of the countries where the Group operates. Calculating expected credit risk losses therefore entails greater uncertainty and requires a higher degree of judgement, primarily as regards estimating macroeconomic scenarios, and the Group has supplemented its estimate of resulting expected loss with certain additional temporary adjustments. The consideration of this matter as a key audit matter is based both on the significance of the Group's loans and advances to customers portfolio, and thus of the related allowance and provision for impairment, as well as on the relevance of the process for classifying these financial assets for the purpose of estimating impairment thereon and the subjectivity and complexity of calculating expected losses.	 We assessed the process of reviewing the updates of the additional temporary adjustments to the expected loss models recognised by the Group. Our tests of detail on the estimated expected losses included the following: With regard to the impairment of individually significant transactions, we analysed the appropriateness of the discounted cash flow models used by the Group. We also selected a sample from the population of significant transactions and assessed the appropriateness of both the credit risk classification and the corresponding allowance and provision recognised. With respect to the allowances and provisions for impairment estimated collectively, we evaluated the methodology used by the Group, assessing the integrity and accuracy of the input balances for the process and whether the calculation process, taking into account the segmentation and assumptions used by the Group, we selected a sample and assessed the appropriateness of accounting classification for credit risk, in accordance with the criteria defined by the Group, we selected a sample and assessed the appropriateness of accounting classification for credit risk. We evaluated the methods and assumptions used to estimate exposure at default, probability of default and loss given default. We considered the macroeconomic scenario variables used by the Group in its internal models to estimate expected losses. We analysed a sample of guarantees associated with credit transactions, checking their valuation, with the involvement of our real estate valuation specialists. We evaluated the additional adjustments to the internal models used to estimate the expected losses recognised by the Group at 31 December 2023.



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Risks associated with information technology		
Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit	
The Group operates in a complex technological environment that is constantly evolving and which must efficiently and reliably meet business requirements. The high level of dependence on these systems with regard to the processing of the Group's financial and accounting information make it necessary to ensure that these systems function correctly. In this context, it is critical to ensure that management of the technological risks that could affect information systems is adequately coordinated and harmonised, in relevant areas such as data and program security, systems operation, or development and maintenance of IT applications and systems used to prepare financial information. We have therefore considered the risks associated with information technology to be a key audit matter.	 With the assistance of our specialists in information systems, we carried out tests, at each of the Group entities that are considered relevant for the purpose of the audit, relating to the internal control over the processes and systems involved in generating financial information in the following areas: Understanding of the information flows and identification of the key controls that ensure the appropriate processing of the financial information. Testing of the key automated processes that are involved in generating the financial information. Testing of the controls over the applications and systems related to accessing and processing the information and those related to the security settings of those applications and systems. Testing of the controls over the operation, maintenance and development of applications and systems. 	

Other Information: Consolidated Directors' Report___

Other information solely comprises the 2023 consolidated directors' report, the preparation of which is the responsibility of the Bank's Directors and which does not form an integral part of the consolidated annual financial statements.



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Our audit opinion on the consolidated annual financial statements does not encompass the consolidated directors' report. Our responsibility regarding the information contained in the consolidated directors' report is defined in the legislation regulating the audit of accounts, as follows:

- a) Determine, solely, whether the consolidated non-financial information statement and certain information included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration, as specified in the Spanish Audit Law, have been provided in the manner stipulated in the applicable legislation, and if not, to report on this matter.
- b) Assess and report on the consistency of the rest of the information included in the consolidated directors' report with the consolidated annual financial statements, based on knowledge of the Group obtained during the audit of the aforementioned consolidated annual financial statements. Also, assess and report on whether the content and presentation of this part of the consolidated directors' report are in accordance with applicable legislation. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there are material misstatements, we are required to report them.

Based on the work carried out, as described above, we have observed that the information mentioned in section a) above has been provided in the manner stipulated in the applicable legislation, that the rest of the information contained in the consolidated directors' report is consistent with that disclosed in the consolidated annual financial statements for 2023, and that the content and presentation of the report are in accordance with applicable legislation.

Responsibilities of the Bank's Directors' and the Audit and Control Committee for the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements _____

The Bank's Directors are responsible for the preparation of the accompanying consolidated annual financial statements in such a way that they give a true and fair view of the consolidated equity, consolidated financial position and consolidated financial performance of the Group in accordance with IFRS-EU and other provisions of the financial reporting framework applicable to the Group in Spain, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated annual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated annual financial statements, the Bank's Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Bank's Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Bank's Audit and Control Committee is responsible for overseeing the preparation and presentation of the consolidated annual financial statements.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Annual Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated annual financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.



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Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated annual financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated annual financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Bank's Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Bank's Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated annual financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated annual financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated annual financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves a true and fair view.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated annual financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



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We communicate with the Bank's Audit and Control Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Bank's Audit and Control Committee with a statement that we have complied with the applicable ethical requirements, including those regarding independence, and to communicate with them all matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated to the Bank's Audit and Control Committee, we determine those that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated annual financial statements of the current period and which are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

European Single Electronic Format_

We have examined the digital files of Banco de Sabadell, S.A. and its subsidiaries for 2023 in European Single Electronic Format (ESEF), which comprise the XHTML file that includes the consolidated annual financial statements for the aforementioned year and the XBRL files tagged by the Bank, which will form part of the annual financial report.

The Directors of Banco de Sabadell, S.A. are responsible for the presentation of the 2023 annual report in accordance with the format and mark-up requirements stipulated in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/815 of 17 December 2018 (hereinafter the "ESEF Regulation"). In this regard, they have incorporated the Annual Corporate Governance Report and the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration by means of a reference thereto in the consolidated directors' report.

Our responsibility consists of examining the digital files prepared by the Directors of the Bank, in accordance with prevailing legislation regulating the audit of accounts in Spain. This legislation requires that we plan and perform our audit procedures to determine whether the content of the consolidated annual financial statements included in the aforementioned digital files fully corresponds to the consolidated annual financial statements and the aforementioned files have been formatted and marked up, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation.

In our opinion, the digital files examined fully correspond to the audited consolidated annual financial statements, and these are presented and marked up, in all material respects, in accordance with the requirements of the ESEF Regulation.



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Additional Report to the Bank's Audit and Control Committee_

The opinion expressed in this report is consistent with our additional report to the Bank's Audit and Control Committee dated 22 February 2024.

Contract Period _

We were appointed as auditor by the shareholders at the ordinary general meeting held on 20 March 2023 for a period of one year, from the year commenced 1 January 2023.

Previously, we had been appointed for a period of three years, by consensus of the shareholders at their ordinary general meeting, and have been auditing the annual financial statements since the year ended 31 December 2020.

KPMG Auditores, S.L. On the Spanish Official Register of Auditors ("ROAC") with No. S0702

(Signed on original in Spanish)

Francisco Gibert Pibernat On the Spanish Official Register of Auditors ("ROAC") with No. 15,586

22 February 2024